DOOGAR & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Rivaj Infratech Private Limited

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Rivaj Infratech Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2013, and the Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Accounting Standards referred to in sub-section (3C) of section 211 of the Companies Act, 1956 ("the Act"). This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India:

- (a) in the case of the Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2013;
- (b) in the case of the Statement of Profit and Loss, of the profit for the year ended on that date; and
- (c) in the case of the Cash Flow Statement, of the cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2003 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (4A) of section 227 of the Act, we give in the Annexure a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 4 and 5 of the Order.
- 2. As required by section 227(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. we have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
 - b. in our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;
 - c. the Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss, and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d. in our opinion, the Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss, and Cash Flow Statement comply with the Accounting Standards referred to in sub-section (3C) of section 211 of the Companies Act, 1956;
 - e. on the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2013, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2013, from being appointed as a director in terms of clause (g) of sub-section (1) of section 274 of the Companies Act, 1956.
 - f. Since the Central Government has not issued any notification as to the rate at which the cess is to be paid under section 441A of the Companies Act, 1956 nor has it issued any Rules under the said section, prescribing the manner in which such cess is to be paid, no cess is due and payable by the Company.

Place: New Delhi Date: 17 MAY 2013 New Days

M.No. 086580

Annexure to Auditors' Report

(Referred to paragraph 1 under Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements of our report of even date to the members of Rivaj Infratech Private Limited on the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2013)

- (i) The Company does not have any fixed assets.
- (ii) The inventory consists of projects in progress. Keeping in view the nature of operations of the company, the aforesaid inventory cannot be physically verified.
- (iii) The Company has neither granted nor taken any loans, secured or unsecured to or from companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 301 of the companies Act, 1956. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 4(iii)(a) to (g) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are adequate internal control systems commensurate with the size of the Company and the nature of its business with regard to purchase of inventory, fixed assets and with regards to the sale of goods and services. During the course of our audit, we have not observed any continuing failure to correct major weakness in internal controls.
- (v) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the transactions that need to be entered into the register required to be maintained in pursuance of section 301 of the Act have been so entered.
 - (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, transactions made in pursuance of contracts or arrangements entered into the register required to be maintained in pursuance of section 301 of the Act and exceeding the value of rupees five lacs in respect of any party during the year have generally been made, other than the transactions for which comparable prices are not available, at prices which are reasonable having regard to the prevailing market prices at the relevant time.
- (vi) In our opinion, the Company has not accepted deposits from the public hence the provisions of sections 58A, 58AA or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 1975 are not applicable to the Company.
- (vii) The Company has in house internal audit system, which in our opinion, is commensurate with the size of the Company and the nature of its business.
- (viii) As informed to us, the Company (Cost Accounting Records) Rules, 2011 as prescribed by the Central Government under clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 209 of the Companies Act, 1956 is not applicable in respect of the Company. Accordingly clause 4(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ix) According to the records of the Company, all applicable undisputed statutory dues generally have been deposited regularly during the year with the appropriate authorities except for delays in certain cases and there are no arrears of outstanding statutory dues as at the last day of the financial year concerned, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable .Further there are no statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- (x) The Company does not have any accumulated losses as at March 31, 2013 and has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit or in the immediately preceding financial year.

- (xi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not taken any loan from banks and financial institutions.
- (xi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, no loans and advances have been granted by the Company on the basis of security by way of pledge of shares, debentures and other securities.
- (xii) The Company is not a chit fund or nidhi / mutual benefit fund / society, accordingly the provisions of clause 4(xiii) of the Companies (Auditors Report) Order, 2003 are not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) The Company is not dealing in or trading in shares, securities, debentures and other investments. Accordingly, the provision of clause 4(xiv) of the Companies (Auditors Report) Order, 2003 are not applicable to the Company.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not given guarantees on behalf of other Companies.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and records examined by us, no term loans have been raised during the year.
- (xvi) On the basis of an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, in our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, we report that no funds raised on a short-term basis have been used for long-term investment.
- (xviii)The Company has not made preferential allotment of shares to the parties covered in register maintained under section 301 of the Act.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not issued any debentures during the period.
- (xx) The Company has not raised money by way of public issues during the year.
- (xxi) During the course of audit carried out and according to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud on or by the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.

Place: New Delhi Date: 17 MAY 2013 For Doogar & Associates Chartered Accountants No. 000561N

> (Partner) M.No. 086580

Regd office:10 L.S.C. Kalkaji New Delhi-110019

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2013

(Amount in Punces)

				(Amount in Rupees)
	Particulars	Note	As at	As at
 -		No.	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012
.	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
	Shareholders' funds			
	Share capital	1 1	500,000.00	500,000.00
	Reserves and surplus	2	13,377.00	8,462.00
			513,377.00	508,462.00
	Current liabilities			
	Trade payables	3	5,495.00	_
	Other current liabilities	4	140,011,236.00	50,055,356.00
	Short term provision	5	1,581.00	2,645.00
			140,018,312.00	50,058,001.00
	TOTAL		140,531,689.00	50,566,463.00
11	ASSETS		,	
	Non-current assets			
	Deferred tax asset	6	-	309.00
	Current assets			307.00
	Inventories	7	26,977,815.05	26,528,375.05
	Cash and bank balances	8	769,278.95	424,397.95
	Short-term loans and advances	9	112,784,595.00	23,613,381.00
			140,531,689.00	50,566,154.00
	TOTAL		140,531,689.00	50,566,463.00
	Significant accounting policies	A		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	Notes on financial statements	1-24		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of

Doogar & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Reg No.000561

Partner

M.No. 86580

Place: New Delhi Date: 17 MAY 2013 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Director)

DIN:02295157

Yogender Pal Gupta

(Director)

Regd office:10 L.S.C. Kalkaji New Delhi-110019

Statement of Profit and loss for the year ended March 31, 2013

	1		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	Note No.	Year ended March 31 2013	Year ended March 31 2012
Revenue			
Other Income	10	60,000.00	70,000.00
Total Revenue		60,000.00	70,000.00
Expenses	1		
Cost of material consumed construction & other related	1		
project cost	11	449,440.00	5,302,800.00
Changes in inventories of projects in progress Finance costs	12	(449,440.00)	(5,302,800.00)
	13		2,194.00
Other expenses	14	53,937.00	60,484.00
Total Expenses Profit before tax	i <u>L</u>	53,937.00	62,678.00
From Derore tax Fax expense:	i 1	6,063.00	7,322.00
Current Tax	1]		·
	l	1,581.00	2,695.00
Tax adjustment of earlier years		(742.00)	(319.00)
Deferred tax charge/ (credit)		309.00	309.00
Drofit for the		1,148.00	2,685.00
Profit for the year		4,915.00	4,637.00
Earning per equity share-Basic & diluted (in rupees) Face value of Rs 10 each)	21	0.10	0.09
ignificant accounting policies			
Notes on financial statements	A		ļ
on the seaterneries	1-24		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of

Doogar & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Reg No.000561NA

Partner

M.No. 86580

Place : New Delhi Date : 1 7 MAY 2013 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Director)

DIN:02295157

Yogender Pal Gupta (Director)

Regd office:10 L.S.C. Kalkaji New Delhi-110019

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2013

(Amount in Rupees)

A	Cash flow from operating activities	March 31, 2013	Year Ended March 31, 2012
	Profit for the year before tax	6,063.00	7,322.00
	Adjustments for :		,,522.00
	Interest and finance charges paid	_	2,194.00
	Operating profit before working capital changes	6,063.00	9,516.00
	Adjustments for Working capital		,==
	Inventories	(449,449,99)	/=
	Loans and advances	(449,440.00)	(5,302,800.00)
	Trade payables	(89,171,214.00)	(19,853,357.00)
	Other current liabilities	5,495.00	•
		89,955,880.00	19,994,691.00
	Cash from (used in) operating activities	340,721.00	(5,161,466.00)
	Direct tax paid	346,784.00	(5,151,950.00)
	Net cash (used in)/generated from	(1,903.00)	(721.00)
	operating activities	344,881.00	(5,152,671.00)
B)	Cash flow from investing activities	_	(5/252,071.00)
C)	Cash flow from financing activities		-
	Interest and finance charges paid Net cash (used in)/generated from		(2,194.00)
	financing activities		(2,154.00)
			(2,194.00)
	Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash		\neg
	equivalents (A+B+C)	344,881.00	(5,154,865.00)
	Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents	424,397.95	E E70 262 05
	Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents	769,278.95	5,579,262.95 424,397.95

Note: 1 The above cash flow statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in the Accounting Standard 3 'Cash Flow Statements'.

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of

Doogar & Associates ASSOC Chartered Accountables 00056

M.S.Agarwal Partner

M.No. 86580

Place : New Delhi

Date : 1 7 MAY 2013

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Year Ended

Pavan Aga (Director)

DIN:02295157

Yogender Pal Gupta

(Director)

Regd:10 L.S.C. Kalkaji New Delhi-110019

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

A. Significant accounting policies

a. Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements are prepared under historical cost convention in accordance with the Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in India ('Indian GAAP') b. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities on the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognized prospectively in current and future periods.

c. Borrowing costs

Borrowing cost that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of a qualifying asset (including real estate projects) are considered as part of the cost of the asset/project. All other borrowing costs are treated as period cost and charged to the statement of profit and loss in the year in which incurred.

d. Impairment of assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is e. Investments

Long-term investments are stated at cost. Provision for diminution, if any, in the value of each long-term investment is made to recognize a decline other than of a temporary nature. Current investments are stated at lower of cost or market value.

f. Revenue recognition

i. Real estate projects
Thi accordance with the Guidance Note on Accounting for Keal Estate Transactions (Keviseu) 2012 (referred to as Guidance Note), revenue from real accordance with the Guidance Real State (COC) stated accordance to following conditions are metro.

- 1. All critical approvals necessary for commencement of the project have been obtained.
- 2. The expenditure incurred on construction and development is not less than 25% of the total estimated construction and development cost.
- 3. At least 25% of the salable project area is secured by way of contracts or agreements with buyers.
- 4. At least 10% of the total revenue as per the agreement of sale or any other legally enforceable document are realised at the reporting date in respect of each of the contracts and it is reasonable to expect that the parties to such contracts will comply with the payment terms as defined in the respective contracts.

The estimates of the projected revenues, projected profits, projected costs, cost to completion and the foreseeable loss are reviewed periodically by the management and any effect of changes in estimates is recognized in the period in which such changes are determined.

Unbilled revenue represents revenue recognized based on percentage of completion method over and above amount due as per payment plan agreed with the customers. Amount received from customers which exceeds the cost and recognized profits to date on projects in progress, is disclosed as advance received from customers under other current liabilities. Any billed amount against which revenue is recognised but amount not collected represents as trade

ii. Interest due on delayed payments by customers is accounted on receipts basis due to uncertainty of recovery of the same.

9. Inventories

- i. Building material and consumable stores are valued at cost which is determined on the basis of the 'First in First out' method
- ii. Land is valued at cost which is determined on average method. Cost includes cost of acquisition and all other related costs incurred.
- iii. Completed real estate project for sale is valued at lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes cost of materials services and other related overheads

h. Projects in progress

Projects in progress are valued at cost. Cost includes cost of land, materials, construction, services, borrowing costs and other overheads relating to projects.

i. Accounting for taxes for income

- i.) Provision for current tax is made based on the tax payable under the Income Tax Act 1961.
- ii.) Deferred tax on timing differences between taxable and accounting income is accounted for using the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantially enacted as on the balance sheet date. Deferred tax Assets are recognized only when there is a reasonable certainty of their realization wherever there are unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward losses under Tax laws Deferred Tax assets are recognized only to the extent that there is virtual certainty of their

Provisions contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A provision is recognized when:

- i.) the Company has a present obligation as a result of a past event;
- ii.) it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- iii.) a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may but probably will not require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that the likelihood of outflow of resources is reprovision or disclosure is made. 000507

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k. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

I. Operating lease

Lease arrangements where the risk and rewards incident to ownership of an assets substantially vest with the lessor are recognized as operating lease. Lease rent under operating lease are charged to statement of profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1. SHARE CAPITAL

(Amount in Rupees) **Particulars** As at March 31, 2013 As at March 31, 2012 **Authorised** 50,000 (50,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each 500,000.00 500,000,00 500,000.00 500,000.00 Issued.Subscribed & Paid up 50,000 (50,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up 500,000,00 500,000.00 Total 5<u>00,000.0</u>0 500,000.00

(Figures in brackets represent those of the previous year)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2013		(Amount in Rupees As at March 31, 2012	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid				
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	50,000	500,000.00	F0 000	F00 000 0
Shares Issued during the year	-	500,000.00	50,000	500,000.0
Shares bought back during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	50,000	500,000.00	50,000	500,000.0

1.2 Terms / rights attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs 10/-per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the share holders.

1.3 Shares held by holding / Ultimate holding company and / or their subsidiaries and associates

<u> </u>			(Amount in Rupees)	
Particulars	March 3:	As at March 31, 2013		As at March 31, 2012	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	
Holding Company					
Omaxe Limited	25,500	255,000.00	25,500	255,000.00	
	25,500	255,000.00	25,500	255,000.00	

1.4 Detail of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in equity capital of the company

Particulars		As at March 31, 2013		As at March 31,2012	
	No of Shares held	% Holding	No of Shares held	% Holding	
Omaxe Limited	25,500	51%	25,500	51%	
Meghmala Builders Private Limited	13,000	26%	13,000	26%	
Aneesh Buidtech Private limited The aforesaid disclosure is based upon passages.	11,500	23%	11,500	23%	

The aforesaid disclosure is based upon percentages computed as at the balance sheet date. As per records of the company including its register of shareholders / members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.





- 1.5 The company has not reserved any shares for issue under options and contracts / commitments for the sale of shares / disinvestment.
- 1.6 The company has not alloted any fully paid up shares pursuant to contract(s) without payment being received in cash nor has alloted any fully paid up shares by way of bonus shares nor has bought back any class of shares during the period of five years immediately preceding the balance

2. RESERVES & SURPLUS

Particulars	As at	(Amount in Rupee
Surplus as per Statement of Profit & Loss	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012
Balance at the beginning of the year	1	
Add: Net profit for the current year	8,462.00	3,825.0
year	4,915.00	4,637.0
Balance at the end of the year		- ,037.0
	13,377.00	8,462.0

3. TRADE PAYABLES

Particulars	As at March 31, 2013	As at
Trade Payables		March 31, 2012
Other trade payables	1	
due to micro small & medium enterprises*others	_	
	5,495.00	
The Company has not received information from vendors re-	5,495.00	

^{*}The Company has not received information from vendors regarding their status under the Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act 2006 and hence disclosure relating to amounts unpaid as at the year end together with interest paid / payable under this Act has not been given.

4. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Particulars	As at March 31, 2013	As at
Advance from customers		March 31, 2012
Other Payables	140,000,000.00	50,000,000.00
Statutory dues payable		
Others	- 1	44,120.00
	11,236.00	11,236.00
	140,011,236.00	50,055,356.00

5. SHORT TERM PROVISIONS

Particulars	As at	(Amount in Rupees) As at
Provision for income tax	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012
	1,581.00 1,581.00	2,645.00

6. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

Particulars	As at (Amount in Rupees)
On account of preliminary expenses	March 31, 2013 As at March 31, 2012







7. INVENTORIES

Particulars	As at March 31, 2013	(Amount in Rupees) As at March 31, 2012
Project in progress	26,977,815.05	26,528,375.05
	26,977,815.05	26,528,375.05

8. CASH & BANK BALANCES

Particulars	As at March 31, 2013	(Amount in Rupees) As at March 31, 2012
Cash and cash equivalents		
Balances with banks in current accounts	350,676.95	62,568.95
Cash on hand	418,602.00	361,829.00
	769,278.95	424.397.95

9. CURRENT LOANS & ADVANCES

Particulars	As at March 31, 2013	(Amount in Rupees As at March 31, 2012
Loans and advances to		
Holding company namely Omaxe Limited	112,554,805.00	23,613,381.00
Advances against goods, services & others considered good	224,720.00	23,013,361.00
Other loans and advances	224,720.00	•
Balance with Government / statutory authorities	5,070.00	-
	112,784,595.00	23,613,381.00

10. OTHER INCOME

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2013	(Amount in Rupees) Year ended March 31, 2012
Miscellaneous income	60,000.00	70,000.00
	60,000.00	70,000.00

11. COST OF MATERIAL CONSUMED CONSTRUCTION & OTHER RELATED PROJECT COST

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2013	(Amount in Rupee Year ended March 31, 2012
Inventory at the beginning of the year		
Add: Incurred during the year	-	
Administration cost	449,440.00	5,302,800.0
Less: Inventory at the close of the year	449,440.00	5,302,800.0
	-	
	449,440.00	5,302,800.0

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. 12. CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF PROJECTS IN PROGRESS

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2013	(Amount in Rupe Year ended
Inventory at the beginning of the year		March 31, 2012
Projects in progress		
<u> </u>	26,528,375.05	21 225 576 /
Inventory at the standard	26,528,375.05	21,225,575.(
Inventory at the close of the year		21,225,575.0
Projects in progress		
	26,977,815.05	26,528,375.0
Changes in inventories of projects in progress	26,977,815.05	
projects in progress		26,528,375.0
13. FINANCE COST	(449,440.00)	(5,302,800.0

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2013	(Amount in Rupees) Year ended March 31, 2012
Interest cost		
	-	2,194.00
Less: Allocated to projects		2,194.00
14. OTHER EXPENSES		2,194.00

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2013	(Amount in Rupee Year ended
Administrative expenses	Fid.Cit 31, 2013	March 31, 2012
Rent		
Rates and taxes	37,113.00	39,487.0
Auditors' remuneration	1,324,00	1,350.0
Fravelling and conveyance	10,000.00	11,236.00
Professional & consultancy charges	-	8,400.00
-	454,940.00	5,302,811.00
Less: Allocated to projects	503,377.00	5,363,284.00
	449,440.00	5,302,800.00
	53,937.00	60,484.00

15. Contingent Liabilities & commitments

As at March 31, 2013 Nil

As at March 31, 2012

16. Balances of current / non-current advances given/ received are subject to reconciliation and confirmation from respective parties. The balance of said current / non-current advances given/ received are taken as shown by the books of accounts. The ultimate outcome of such reconciliation and confirmation cannot presently be determined, therefore, no provision for any liability that may result out of such reconciliation and confirmation has been made in the financial statement, the financial impact of which is unascertainable due to the reasons as above stated.

- 17. Inventories, loans & advances, and other current / non-current assets are in the opinion of the management do not have a value on realization in the ordinary course of business, less than the amount at which they are stated in the balance sheet. The classification of assets and liabilities between current and non-current have been made based on management perception as to its recoverability / settlement and other criteria as set out
- 18. Determination of revenues under 'Percentage of Completion method' necessarily involves making estimates by management for percentage of completion, cost to completion, revenues expected from projects, projected profits and losses. These estimates being of a technical nature have

19. EARNING AND EXPENDITURE IN FOREIGN CURRENCY

The state of the s	-1401	
Particulars		(Amount in Durana)
	Year ended	(Amount in Rupees) Year ended
Earning in foreign currency	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012
Expenditure in foreign currency	Nil	Nil
20. Segment Reporting	Nil	Nit

20. Segment Reporting

The Company is primarily engaged in a single business segment viz. Real Estate and operates in one geographical segment as per accounting standard AS-17 on 'Segment Reporting' & <u>A</u>SS

21. Earning per share

		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012
Profit after tax	4,915.00	4,637.00
Numerator used for calculating basic and diluted earnings per	111	
share	4,915.00	4,637.00
Equity shares outstanding as at the year end	50,000	50,000
Weighted average number of shares used as denominator for		•
calculating basic & diluted earnings per share	50,000	50,000
Nominal value per share	10/-	10/-
Basic & diluted earning per share	0,10	0.09

22. Auditors' Remuneration		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2013*	March 31, 2012
Stautory audit fee	10,000.00	11,236.00
Total	10,000.00	11,236.00

^{*}excluding service tax of Rs.1,236/-

23. Related parties disclosures

A. Name of related parties:-

Holding Company Omaxe Limited

 Transaction
 Holding company Omaxe Limited

 Lease rent paid
 37,113.00

 Advance given
 88,941,424.00

 (19,853,488.00)

Balance as on 31.03.2013

Loans and advances receivables

112,554,805.00
(23,613,381.00)

Figures in bracket represent figures of previous year

24. The company has regrouped / reclassified previous year figures where necessary to conform to with current year's classification.

The notes referred to above form an integral part of financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf or Doogar & Associa

Chartered Account Reg No.00096018

M.S.Agarwa Partner M.No. 86580

Place: New Delhi Date: 17 MAY 2013 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Director) DIN:02295157 Yogender Pal Gupta (Director)